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REPORT

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HOW

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methods

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plants.

REPORT NO.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITIES STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF ESPIONAGE ACT SO U.S. C. 31 AND 31.4.5 AMERICO. 175 TRANSMISSION ON THE REFLECTION OF HIS CONTERTS IN ANY MANNER TO ANY WAMPHONITES PERSON IS PROMISED TO STAN EXPENSE OF THE STANDARD OF HIS PROMISED OF THE STANDARD ST

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

SOURCE

Reztsy, by V. Ye. Nedorezov, published by Mashgiz, pp 192-211.

ELECTRICAL METHODS OF GRINDING HARD-ALLOY TOOLS IN THE USSR

Comment: The figure "3" and the Cyrillic "2" as printed in Soviet literature are often indistinguishable. This becomes particularly confusing in identifying model numbers of machine tools. The first digit of a model will, as a rule, identify the type of machine tool. For example, the first digit of a grinding machine model number is known to be 3. However, the present source, which does make a definite distinction between "3" and "Z", uses the capital Z with Model ZA-64 grinding machine. In the "50 iet Catalog of Metal-Cutting Machine Tools,"

on the other hand, the number is 3A64. The capacity of the motor is identical in each machine. It is presumed that Model ZA-64 and 3A64 are one and the same machine tool.

Series production of special machines for anode-mechanical grinding of tools is being organized at machine-tool building plants. At present, abrasive-type machine tools are being adapted for anode-mechanical grinding at certain

The universal tool-grinding machine ZA-64, for example, has been remodeled and is now known as ΔMZ -23. The changes made in the ZA-64 are as follows:

- 1. The spindle for the abrasive wheel has been replaced by a spindle head.
- 2. The body of the spindle has been electrically insulated from the bed of the machine.
- 3. The driving electric motor with a power of 0.65 kilowatt and a speed of 3,000 revolutions per minute has been replaced by a 0.85-kilowatt electric motor with a speed of 945 revolutions per minute.
- 4. A peripheral speed of 11 meters per minute has been imparted to the grinding disk.

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- $5.\ \ \mbox{$\Lambda$}$ tank with a sedimentation chamber for the electrolyte has been installed.
- $6.\,$ The machine has been equipped with an electric pump, tubing, and nozzle for feeding $\,$ the electrolyte to the working zone.
- $7.\,$ A special guard, drip pan, and deflector have been installed on the table of the machine to protect the machine and the operator from the spatter of the electrolyte.
- 8. A generator supplies the machine with direct current. A commutator and a panel with a rheostat have been mounted on the machine tool.

Technical Specifications of Model AMZ-23

	
Maximum size of cross section of tool that can be ground	30 x 40 mm
Diameter of grinding disk	150 tim
Peripheral speed of grinding disk	1,250 rpm
Spindle travel in an axial direction	8 mm
Power and speed of driving electric motor	0.85 kw 945 rpm
Power of electric motor of generator unit	2.5-3 kw
Pressure of disk spring	0-10 kg
Longitudinal table travel	1400 mm
Transverse table travel	230 mm
Lift of spindle head over table	70-275 mm
Voltage and amperage of direct current	0 4-28 v 60 -8) amp
Resistance of rheastat sections for adjustment of machine $t_{\rm tol}$:	
Roughing	0.05; 0.1; 0.15 chm
Grinding	0.25; 0.50; 0.75 ohm
Finishing	a. 1.8; 2 ohms
	b. 1.8; 2.0; 3.4 ohms (connected by means of a

- 2 -

Capacity of tank for electrolyte

Discharge of electric pump

potentiometer)

10-15 liters/min

30 liters

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Model K-l anode-mechanical machine, designed by P. S. Kryzhanovskiy, is intended for grinding hard-alloy tools: cutters of various types, inserted-blade (sbornyy) milling cutters, drills, counterbores, etc.

Model K-1 is exceptional for its compact design and for the convenient location of control levers and electrical measuring instruments.

Technical Specifications of Model K-l

Maximum size of tool that can be ground:

Cross section of cutter

25 x 40 mm

Diameter and length of milling cutter 250 and 300 mm

Main-drive motor:

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Speed 1,500 rpm

Power 1.5 kw

Grinding disk:

Diameter and width of working surface 150 and 40 mm

Speed 1,350 rpm

Spindle:

Axial travel 12 mm

Pressure 1-10 kg

Amplitude of headstock oscillation 0-30 mm

Capacity of tank for working liquid 50 liters

Electric drives:

PM-70 ammeter 0-100 amp

PM-70 voltmeter 0-30 v

Electric pump:

Power 0.1 kw

Discharge 22 liters/min

Dimensions of machine (length x width

. x height) 1,100 x 1,100 x 1,600 mm

Weight of machine

The machine is supplied by a direct-current circuit through a built-in mechanical rectifier.

Series production of Model 4352 anode-mechanical machine is being organized at machine-tool building plants.

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Technical Specifications of Model 4352

Maximum size of cutters that can be ground:

Cross section of cutter

30 x 45 mm

Length of cutter

315 mm

Main-drive motor:

Power

0.65 kw

Speed

2,835 rpm

Disk:

Diameter

180 mm

Width of working surface

45 mm

Speed

2,100-2,580 rpm

Spindle:

Axial travel

12 mm

Pressure

1-8 kg

Cross travel of spindle head

85 mm

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Amplitude of table oscillation

0-32 mm

Capacity of tank for working liquid

30 liters

Electric drives:

PM-70 ammeter

0-100 amp

PM-70 voltmater

0-30 v

Electric pump:

Power

C.1 kw

Discharge

10-12 liters/min

Dimensions of machine (length x width x height)

1,100 x 840 x 1,460 mm

Weight of machine

850 kg

The machine is supplied by a direct-current circuit through a built-in selentum rectifier.

The special feature of another anode-mechanical grinding machine identified as designed by N. A. Lebedev is that it has two universal tool-holder heads which make it possible to grind two cutters at the same time.

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The experience of one Leningrad plant has shown that the time required for grinding one hard-alloy cutter, 20 x 20 millimeters in cross section, on an abrasive-type machine tool was 25 minutes; on Model AMZ-23, 13 minutes; and on the machine of Lebedev's design, 6.5 minutes.

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The first model of Lebedev's design is now being completed. Upon series production of this machine, it will be recommended as the best among anodemechanical machines for grinding cutters.

Technical Specifications of the Machine Designed by N. A. Lebedev

	led by M. A. Lebedev
Maximum size of cutters that can be ground	30 x 40 mm
Flange-type driving motor:	
Power	0.85 kw
Speed	1,400 rpm
Speed of grinding disk	1,400 rpm
Diameter of grinding disk	200 mm
Peripheral speed of disk	
Width of working surface of grinding disk	15 m/sec
Disk travel in axial direction to short a	40 mm
. Creeki ie motor	15 mm
Pressure of disk spring	10 kg
Vertical travel of electric motor with disk	110 mm
Amplitude of reciprocating movement of tool-holder heads	
Number of tool-holder strokes per minute	0-60 mm
Capacity of tank for working liquid	87
Pump for feeding working liquid:	50 liters
Type	P-22
Discharge	22 m/min /sic; should be expressed in liters/
Electrical measuring instruments:	_
Direct-current voltmeter	30 v
Direct-current ammeter	100 amp
Dimensions of machine (length x width x height)	1,100 x 750 x 1,600 mm
Weight of machine	300 kg
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24-28 v

Direct-current supply from an outside source

with a voltage of

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Electric-spark grinding of hard-alloy tools has not yet achieved industrial importance. Although electric-spark units for grinding hard-alloy tools do exist, they are used very little. On the other hand, electric-spark units for recessing the face of hard-alloy tools have been used successfully.

At present, electric-contact grinding of hard-alloy tools is in the beginning stage of its development. It has many advantages over other methods of electrical grinding. First, the need for direct-current sources is eliminated because electric-contact machines are supplied by alternating current, and transformers are used for lowering the voltage. In addition, the process is carried on without the use of a liquid medium; this complicates the technological process. These machines are also outstanding for their simple design.

A great deal of research must still be conducted on the electric-contact method of grinding. At present, it can be used in preliminary grinding of hard-alloy tools and for making chip breakers on tools.

Tools ground on an electric-contact machine must be finish-ground.

Work on an electric-contact machine designed at the Leningrad Elektrik Plant showed that in the process of grinding, a crust forms on the disk which hinders the contact between the cutter and disk. As a result, a contact resistance develops; the hard-alloy bit becomes intensely heated and cracks appear on it. To prevent this from occurring, the disk must be trued regularly.

/Sketches and more details on the machines and methods described above are available in the source, at the Library of Congress. 7

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